

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Withdrawn) A cylindrical anode can for a battery having a sidewall and extending along a central axis; wherein

said sidewall includes

a large thickness portion located at an end portion of said sidewall and having a relatively large thickness, and

a small thickness portion being a portion other than said large thickness portion and having a thickness relatively smaller than that of said large thickness portion, and

in said sidewall, a distance between an outer circumferential surface of said large thickness portion and said central axis is equal to a distance between an outer circumferential surface of said small thickness portion and said central axis, whereas a distance between an inner circumferential surface of said large thickness portion and said central axis is smaller than a distance between an inner circumferential surface of said small thickness portion and said central axis.

2. (Withdrawn) The anode can for a battery according to claim 1, wherein
in said sidewall, an inner circumferential surface of a boundary portion between said large thickness portion and said small thickness portion is inclined toward the inner circumferential surface of said sidewall in said small thickness portion.

3. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an anode can for a battery, the method comprising the steps of:

preparing a material member corresponding to a shape of an anode can for a battery to be produced;

forming a cylindrical body by deforming said material member so as to obtain a cylindrical body extending along a central axis and having a sidewall;

modifying a thickness by subjecting said sidewall to press working so as to form a large thickness portion located at an end portion of said sidewall and having a relatively large thickness and a small thickness portion being a portion other than said large thickness portion and having a thickness relatively smaller than that of said large thickness portion in said sidewall, the large thickness portion has an outer circumferential surface and an inner circumferential surface, the small thickness portion has an outer circumferential surface and an inner circumferential surface, a distance between the outer circumferential surface of the large thickness portion and the central axis is greater than a distance between the outer circumferential surface of the small thickness portion and the central axis, and a distance between the inner circumferential surface of the large thickness portion and the central axis is equal to a distance between the inner circumferential surface of the small thickness portion and the central axis; and

~~performing working displacing the outer circumferential surface of the large thickness portion~~ by subjecting said sidewall to press working so that ~~[[a]] the distance between [[an]] the~~ outer circumferential surface of said large thickness portion and said central axis is equal to ~~[[a]] the distance between [[an]] the~~ outer circumferential surface of said small thickness portion and said central axis, and ~~[[a]] the distance between [[an]] the~~ inner circumferential surface of said large thickness portion and said central axis is smaller than ~~[[a]] the distance between [[an]] the~~ inner circumferential surface of said small thickness portion and said central axis.

4. (Currently Amended) The method of manufacturing an anode can for a battery according to claim 3, further comprising ~~the step of:~~

determining a thickness of said large thickness portion in said sidewall after ~~said step of modifying a thickness and before said step of displacing the outer circumferential surface of the large thickness portion performing working.~~

5. (Original) The method of manufacturing an anode can for a battery according to claim 3, wherein said small thickness portion formed in said step of modifying a thickness has a thickness equal to that of a small thickness portion in a sidewall of an anode can for a battery to be produced.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of manufacturing an anode can for a battery according to claim 3, wherein said step of performing working includes the steps of:

arranging the cylindrical body having said large thickness portion and said small thickness portion formed in said step of modifying a thickness, between a die having a cylindrical opening formed and a punch that can be inserted in the opening, and

inserting said punch into said opening together with said cylindrical body, a distance between an inner circumferential surface of said opening of said die and said central axis is equal to a distance between an outer circumferential surface of the anode can to be produced and said central axis, and a distance between an outer circumferential surface of said punch and said central axis is equal to a distance between the inner circumferential surface of said large thickness portion and said central axis.